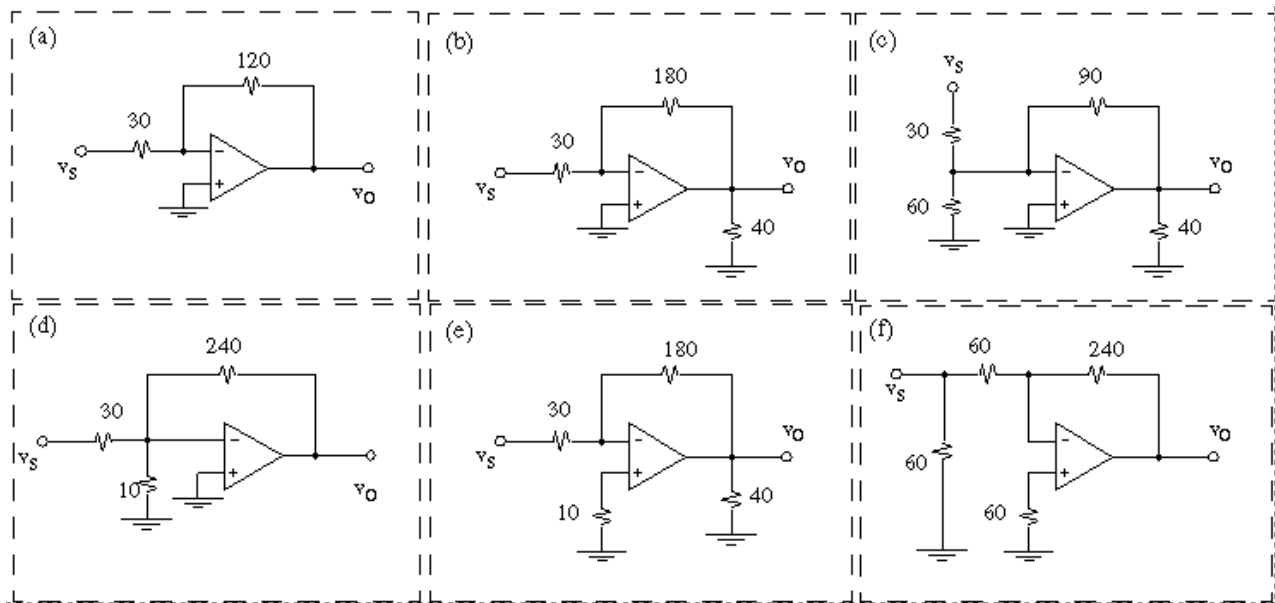




### Assignment 3

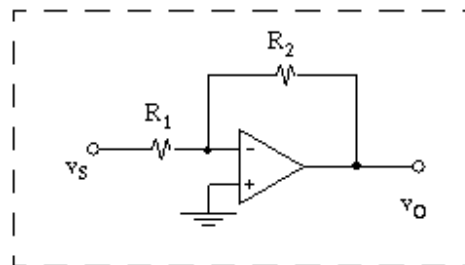
**Problem 1:**

Assume ideal opamps determine the voltage transfer gain  $T = v_o/v_s$  and input resistance  $R_{in}$  for each of the configurations by inspection. (Resistances are in  $k\Omega$ ).



**Problem 2:**

(a) Using resistances no larger than  $1.0\text{ M}\Omega$  design an amplifier with gain  $-20\text{ V/V}$  and the largest possible  $R_{in}$ , using the inverting configuration. Assume ideal opamp. (b) What is the input resistance?



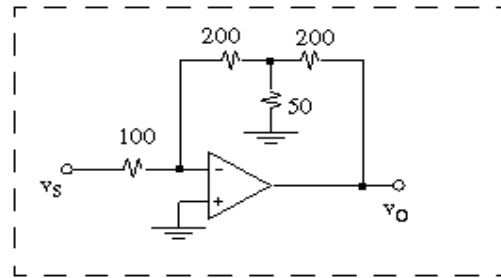


**Problem 3:**

Find

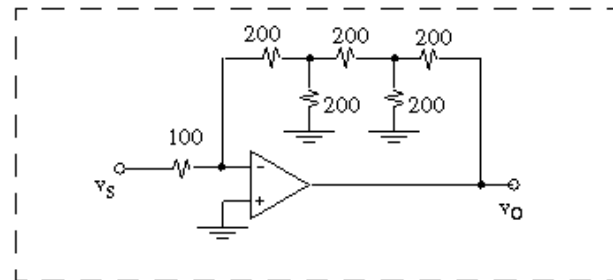
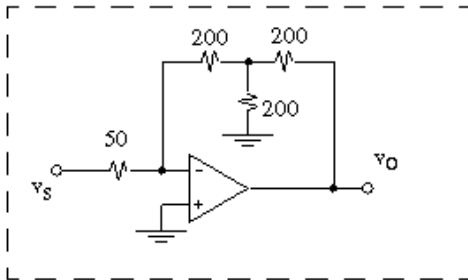
- (a) transfer function  $T = v_o/v_s$  and
- (b) input resistance  $R_{in}$ .

(Resistances are in  $k\Omega$ )



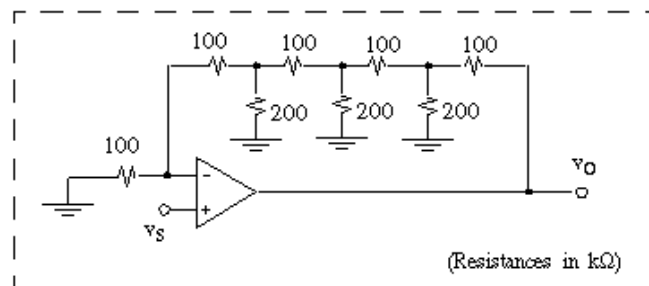
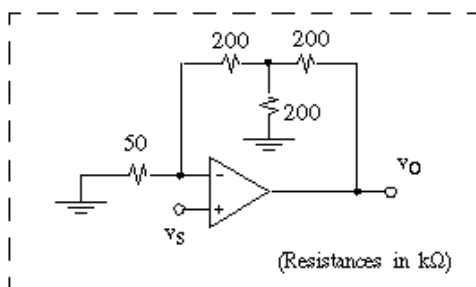
**Problem 4**

Find (a) transfer gain  $T = v_o/v_s$  and (b) input resistance  $R_{in}$



**Problem 5:**

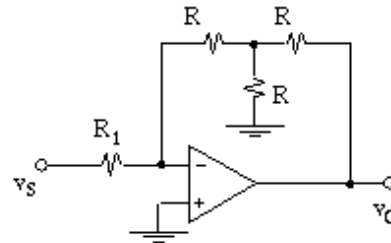
Find transfer gain  $T = v_o/v_s$ , input resistance  $R_{in}$





**Problem 6:**

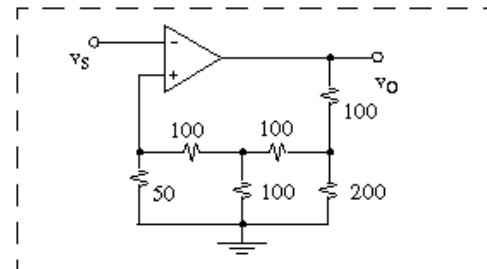
(a) Using the inverting configuration with single-tee feedback (as shown) and resistances no larger than  $600\text{ k}\Omega$ , design an amplifier with gain  $-12\text{ V/V}$  and the largest possible  $R_{in}$ . Assume ideal opamp.



(b) What is the  $R_{in}$ ?

**Problem 7:**

Find the transfer function  $T = v_o/v_s$



**Problem 8:**

Determine input resistance  $R_{in}$  and transfer gain  $v_o/v_s$  for the circuit shown, assuming that

(a)  $R_f = \infty$

(b)  $R_f = 100\text{ k}\Omega$

