



## Assignment 3

### Problem 1:

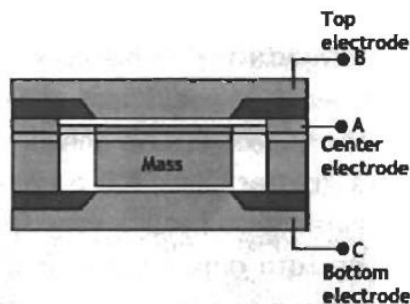
Calculate the mean-free path for argon atoms ( $d_g = 360 \text{ pm}$ ) and helium atoms ( $d_g = 190 \text{ pm}$ ) in atmospheric pressure and  $T = 20^\circ\text{C}$ .

### Problem 2:

A surface micromachined accelerometer has the intrinsic mechanical quality factor  $Q_{intrinsic} = 50,000$ , the anchor quality factor  $Q_{anchor} = 1,000$ , and the air damping quality factor  $Q_{air} = 40$ . Calculate the total quality factor.

### Problem 3:

Consider the capacitive accelerometer shown below. Calculate the squeeze film spring constant, damping coefficient, and the accelerometer quality factor as a function of pressure in the pressure range of  $10 \text{ Pa}$  to  $10^5 \text{ Pa}$  at  $f = 1 \text{ Hz}$ . Assume the mechanical quality factor  $Q_{mech} = 10$  and for air ( $d_g = 3.65 \text{ \AA}$ ,  $\mu = 1.8 \times 10^{-5} \text{ Pa}\cdot\text{s}$ ). For the given accelerometer the nominal gap is  $d = 2.5 \text{ }\mu\text{m}$  and the area is  $A = 1200 \text{ }\mu\text{m} \times 1200 \text{ }\mu\text{m}$ , its thickness  $t = 550 \text{ }\mu\text{m}$  and the stiffness of the mechanism  $K = 40 \text{ N/m}$ .



### Problem 4:

Considering the previous problem. Assuming that the accelerometer is operated in atmospheric pressure and there is no perforation to reduce damping, how large must the electrode gap  $d$  be to obtain quality factors greater than  $Q > 0.1$ ?



**Problem 5:**

A square micro-mirror that moves up and down is made of SOI wafer. The mirror thickness is  $t = 5 \mu m$  and the gap under the mirror is  $d = 10 \mu m$ . Estimate the maximum mirror size if the desired quality factor is  $Q = 1$  and the desired resonant frequency is  $f_0 = 500 \text{ Hz}$ .

**Problem 6:**

A double-supported beam-mass silicon structure is shown in the figure below, where  $a_1 = 500 \mu m$ ,  $b = 50 \mu m$ ,  $h = 10 \mu m$ ,  $A = B = 4 \text{ mm}$ ,  $H = 300 \mu m$  and the total damping coefficient  $c = 1 \text{ N} \cdot \text{sec}/\text{m}$ . The mass is subjected to a harmonic excitation  $F = F_0 \sin(\omega t)$ ,  $F_0 = 1 \text{ mN}$  in in the lateral direction. If the mass of the beam and the bending of the mass are negligible, find:

- 1- The undamped natural frequency in the lateral direction.
- 2- The damping ratio of the system.
- 3- The amplitude of oscillation of the mass as a function of the excitation force.
- 4- The amplitude of oscillation at resonance.
- 5- The amplitude of oscillation at  $\omega = 3\omega_0$ .
- 6- The Quality factor of the system.
- 7- The bandwidth of the system.

